

Convert to Slope-Intercept Form.

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{1} \quad 3x + y = 10 \\ \underline{-3x} \quad \underline{-3x} \\ y = -3x + 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{2} \quad -2x + y = 5 \\ \underline{+2x} \quad \underline{+2x} \\ y = 2x + 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{3} \quad \frac{3}{4}x + y = 7 \\ \underline{-\frac{3}{4}x} \quad \underline{-\frac{3}{4}x} \\ y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{4} \quad -\frac{2}{3}x + y = 8 \\ \underline{+\frac{2}{3}x} \quad \underline{+\frac{2}{3}x} \\ y = \frac{2}{3}x + 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{5} \quad 7x - y = 4 \\ \underline{-7x} \quad \underline{-7x} \\ -1(-y = -7x + 4) \\ y = 7x - 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{6} \quad \frac{1}{3}x - y = 5 \\ \underline{-\frac{1}{3}x} \quad \underline{-\frac{1}{3}x} \\ -1(-y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 5) \\ y = \frac{1}{3}x - 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{7} \quad 8x + 2y = 10 \\ \underline{-8x} \quad \underline{-8x} \\ \frac{2y}{2} = \frac{-8x + 10}{2} \\ y = -4x + 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \textcircled{8} \quad -3x + \frac{1}{3}y = 12 \\ \underline{+3x} \quad \underline{+3x} \\ -\frac{1}{3} \cdot (-\frac{1}{3}y = 3x + 12) \\ y = -9x - 36 \end{array}$$